Study sheet - Japanese

numbers

KANJI	HIRAGANA	ROMAJI	ENGLISH
	いち	ichi	one
	に	ni	two
Ξ	さん	san	three
四	し・よん	shi/yon	four
五	ľ	go	five
六	ろく	roku	six
七	しち・なな	shichi/nana	seven
八	はち	hachi	eight
九	きゅう・く	kyuu/ku	nine
+	じゅう	juu	ten
百	ひゃく	hyaku	one hundred
千	せん	sen	one thousand
一万	いちまん	ichi man	ten thousand
百万	ひゃくまん	hyaku man	one million
一億	いちおく	ichi oku	one billion
	ゼロ	zero	zero

Exceptions

Numbers that will have a different pronunciation in the 100s and 1000s

- 300 = さんびゃく (sanbyaku)
- 600 = ろっぴゃく (roppyaku)
- 800 = はっぴゃく (happyaku)
- 3000 = さんぜん (sanzen)
- 8000 = はっせん (hassen)

How to say numbers

- For numbers between 10-20, we simply say 10+units
- ex: 12 = 10+2 = 十二・じゅうに
 - For numbers between 20 -100, we multiply 10 by the number of the dozen and add the units

ex: 25 = (2x10)+5 = 二十五・にじゅうご

• For numbers between 100-1,000, we multiply 100 by the number of the hundreds and follow the rules above

ex: 245 = (2x100)+(4x10)+5 = 二百四十五・にひゃくよんじゅうご

- For numbers between 1,000 -10,000, we multiply 1,000 by the number of the thousands and follow the rules above
- ex: 3,695 = (3x1,000)+(6x100)+(9x10)+5 = 三千六百九十五・さんぜんろっぴゃくきゅうじゅうご
 - For numbers above 10,000 until one billion, we use 10,000 as the base and follow the rules above

ex: 20,000,000 = (2x1,000)x10,000 = 二 千万・にせんまん